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# The 1st International Online Conference on Optics

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# **The 1st International Online Conference on Optics**

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# sciforum-163042: 3-Ethylcarbazole as a building block for new OLED host materials achieving EQEs over 20%

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Organic light-emitting diodes (OLEDs) have garnered significant attention due to advantages ranging from innovative product design possibilities to highly efficient and sustainable light sources, creating a demand for new high-performance materials. Addressing this need, new ethylcarbazole-based D-A-D host materials were synthesized using one- or two-step nucleophilic aromatic substitution routes and evaluated for their suitability in OLEDs. Materials had one (CzeCzS, CzeCzM) or two (eCz2S, eCz2M) ethylcarbazole units paired with either sulfonyl (CzeCzS, eCz2S) or methanone (CzeCzM, eCz2M) electron acceptors. Thermal and morphological analyses showed that all materials are highly resistant to degradation, with decomposition temperatures ranging from 393 to 436 °C, and they form stable amorphous films with high  $T_g$  values (89–112 °C). Photophysical measurements revealed high triplet state energies (2.71 – 2.90 eV), indicating that these compounds can serve as hosts for both green phosphorescent and yellow TADF emitters. Device studies highlighted that methanone-bridged hosts outperformed phenylsulfonyl analogues due to more balanced charge transport and improved exciton confinement. When applied as host materials to a green phosphorescent emitter, a maximum EQE of 16.5% was achieved. Incorporating these hosts into blended co-host architectures led to notable efficiency enhancements, with external quantum efficiency values surpassing 20%. The best-performing device, based on the eCz2M/B3PyMPM co-host system, achieved an EQE of 20.3%, a luminance efficiency of 72.7 cd/A, and a power efficiency of 95.1 lm/W. Also, for a yellow-emitting TADF OLED prototype, our co-host systems enabled the achievement of an EQE of 10.3%. This work demonstrates that methanone-ethylcarbazole D-A-D structures are strong candidates for next-generation efficient OLED host materials. This work provides fundamental knowledge for developing advanced host materials for both TADF and phosphorescent OLED technologies.

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