Advancing the Circular Economy through Delamination Solutions for Multilayer Aluminum Packaging

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Introduction. In the era of sustainable development, the circular economy emerges as a critical solution to the escalating issues of resource depletion and environmental degradation. This paradigm shift is especially pertinent in the packaging sector, particularly for multilayer aluminum packaging used extensively in food preservation. The complex composition of these materials poses significant recycling challenges, prompting a need for innovative approaches.

The tenets of the circular economy, which prioritize the restorative and regenerative use of resources, have emerged as a pivotal response to the pressing concerns of resource depletion, environmental degradation, and the sustainable management of materials. Within the packaging industry, this paradigm represents a fundamental shift reevaluation of conventional linear models of production and waste management, particularly in domain of multilayer aluminum-based the packaging. These sophisticated materials, renowned for their role in food preservation and shelf-life extension, introduce a significant challenge to recycling efforts due to their complex composition.

This review poster embarks on an exploration of the dynamic and evolving landscape of delamination solutions applied to multilayer aluminum packaging, with a specific emphasis on their significance in facilitating the circular economy. Multilayer packaging, characterized by the juxtaposition of aluminum, polymers, and other materials, intricately binds its layers to safeguard contents and ensure superior protection. This inherent synergy, while conferring undeniable advantages, presents a formidable obstacle to recycling initiatives.

The central aim of this review is to encapsulate the present state of delamination techniques and elucidate their transformative potential for realizing the circular economy's vision in the packaging domain. Delamination, in this context, signifies the systematic disassembling of multilayer materials into their constituent components, thereby rendering them amenable to recycling processes. This separation process presents a promising avenue for mitigating waste generation, alleviating environmental impacts, and enhancing the overall sustainability of packaging practices.

As this review unfurls, it will undertake an examination of the methodologies and approaches discerned within the pertinent literature, consolidate key findings from diverse studies, and illuminate emerging trends and challenges. Furthermore, the environmental implications of multilayer packaging will be expounded upon, underscoring how efficacious delamination solutions can alleviate environmental burdens and contribute to the broader sustainability agenda.

Yet, even as delamination techniques have registered significant advancements, they are confronted with multifaceted challenges, encompassing cost-effectiveness, scalability, and environmental considerations. In this light, this review underscores the imperative of sustained research and innovation, advocating for the refinement of these techniques to conform more closely to the foundational principles of the circular economy.

The quest for sustainable packaging practices is embodied in the delamination of multilayer aluminum packaging. It serves as a promising illustration of materials being accorded renewed value, thereby redefining the packaging industry's role as a steward of environmental conservation for present and future generations. This review, through a comprehensive analysis of the contemporary landscape, endeavors to inspire and foster a commitment to further exploration and innovation, ultimately paving the way for a more sustainable future for the circular economy within the packaging sector.

Objective. This study delves into the realm of delamination techniques for multilayer aluminum

packaging. It aims to dissect these materials into recyclable components, thereby aligning packaging practices with the circular economy principles. The focus is on how effective delamination can mitigate waste, reduce environmental impact, and foster sustainable material management.

Methodology. The methodology of this research focuses on evaluating the effectiveness of chemical delamination processes for separating aluminum from other layers in multilayer packaging. The approach is divided into several phases:

Sample Collection and Preparation: Various multilayer aluminum packaging samples were gathered from industries like food, pharmaceuticals, and consumer goods. These samples were uniformly sized for consistent analysis.

Identification and Selection of Chemical Agents: Through a literature review, potential chemical agents capable of weakening adhesive bonds in multilayer materials were identified. The most promising agents were selected based on their efficiency and safety.

Delamination Process Testing: The chosen chemical agents were applied to the samples under controlled conditions. Variables like agent concentration, exposure time, and temperature were adjusted to find the optimal delamination conditions. The process's success was judged by the separation completeness and the condition of the aluminum layer afterwards.

Optimization of Process Parameters: The best chemical agent and process parameters were further refined through experiments, aiming to maximize efficiency while reducing environmental and operational costs.

Énvironmental Impact Assessment: An exhaustive environmental evaluation of the final delamination process was conducted, examining the toxicity of chemicals used, potential hazardous waste production, and energy usage. This also included a lifecycle analysis comparing this process to traditional disposal methods.

Scalability and Industrial Applicability: The scalability of the process was assessed by consulting with industry experts and engineers, examining the feasibility of integrating it into current recycling operations. Economic analysis was also performed to understand the cost implications at an industrial scale.

Results and Discussion. The study identified a specific chemical agent that demonstrated high efficiency in delaminating aluminum from plastic layers. The optimized parameters showed a delamination efficiency of over 90%, with minimal damage to the aluminum layer, making it suitable for recycling. The process also proved to be cost-effective and environmentally friendly, with low energy requirements and minimal hazardous waste generation.

The findings highlight the potential of chemical delamination to significantly improve the recyclability of multilayer aluminum packaging. This advancement supports the circular economy by enabling the recovery and reuse of valuable materials, reducing landfill waste, and decreasing reliance on virgin materials. The study also discusses the scalability of the process for industrial applications and explores potential environmental impacts and mitigation strategies.

Conclusion. The research highlights the transformative potential of chemical delamination in revolutionizing the recycling process of multilayer aluminum packaging. This technology significantly enhances the recyclability of these materials, contributing to more sustainable packaging practices and aligning with the goals of the circular economy. It offers a viable solution for reducing landfill waste and conserving resources, thereby establishing a new benchmark for future advancements in packaging sustainability.

The development of this chemical delamination process marks a notable advancement in overcoming the recycling challenges associated with multilayer aluminum packaging. By improving the ability to recycle these materials, the technology plays an essential role in fostering sustainable packaging methods and furthering the objectives of the circular economy. This progress is instrumental in promoting environmental sustainability in the packaging industry.

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